THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY, ET THOMAS SMITH, SUCCESSOR TO DANIEL BRADFORD.

COND. TIONS .- Two Dollars per anrum, paid in advance-or THESE DOLLARS, i paid at the expiration of the year.

The postage on letters addressed to toe Editor must be paid, or they will not be attended to.

OF The Printing Office is kept at the old stand, opposite the Branch Bank.

Just Published

AT THE OFFICE OF THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE,
THE KENTUCKY
ENGLISH GRAMMAR, OR NEW

GRAMMATICAL INSTITUTE; CONTAINING

A comprehensive system of English Grammar, in which the whole structure and essential principles of that most copious Language, according to the most approved modern standards, are concisely, yet completely exhibited, and explained in a manner intelligible to the weakest capacities.

By SAMUEL WILSON,

PRICE 25 CENTS SINGLE-\$2 PER DOEN.

JUST PUBLISHED And for Sale at this office, LETTERS

ADDRESSED TO THE REV. T. B. CRAIGHEAD, FN ANSWER TO A PAMPHLET LATELY PUB. LISHED BY HIM, CONTAINING A SERMON ON REGENERATION, &c. &c.

By JOHN P. CAMPBELL.

IN these Letters a discussion of the following interesting and important subjects has been at-

T. The depravity of the Human Heart, and its effects in obstructing belief in the Gospel.

2. The Regeneration of the Heart, as effected

by a Divine power accompanying truth.
3. Faith in Christ distinguished from a false
Faith, and shewn to be the product of a Divine

4. The immediate Agency of the Spirit par-

ticularly considered.
5. The doctrines of Liberty and Necessity. of Natural and Moral Inability in Man con-Mr. Craighead's theory.

Price 50 cents to subscribers, non-subscribers 62 ½ cents—in consequence of a limited number of copies only being struck, and its exceeding the size contemplated by the author, whereby the sale of the whole at the subscription price, would be insufficient to defray expenses.

Subscribers are requested to call or send for their copi

Mr. Craighead's pamphlet may also be had July 9th, 1810 at this office.

C. H. ALLEN ATTORNEY AT LAW WILL PUNCTUALLY ATTEND THE COURTS OF FAVETTE AND JESSAMINE. March 3d, 1810.

Postlethwait's Tavern,

Lexington, Ky. on Main-street, corner of Lime-stone-street, lately occupted by Mr. J. Wilson. J. POSTLETHWAIT has returned to his oldstand, where every exertion shall be used to accommodate those who please to call on him. January 20, 1809.

JAMES BERTHOUD & SON, Commission Merchants,

SHIPPINGPORT (FALLS OF THE OHIO.) Have just received a quantity of

BROWN SUGAR, LOGWOOD, COFFEE, FISH, RICE, TANNER'S OIL, & Which they will dispose of for Cash, at their customery low prices.—Also a quantity of Sa-

July 3d, 1810.

CASH

Will be given for two or three LIKELY NEGRO BOYS from the age of fifteen to eigh-

ENQUIRE OF THE PRINTER.

Wanted to hire for a term of years, A FEW NEGRO BOYS. ENQUIRE OF THE PRINTER HEREOF. July 22d, 1810.

WILSON'S GRAMMAR For Sale at this Office. To Blacksmiths.

WANTED, a Blacksmith of good character and sobriety, to manage a shop at Nash Tennessee. One acquainted with the White-smith's business would be preferred—to such a one, good wages will be given, by GEO. POYZER.

November 9th, 1810.

THE HIGHEST PRICE IN CASH Will be given for clean combed HOGS' BRISTLES. Their being scalded does not injure them. -ALSO-

HORSE HAIR, of any length—b;
JOHN LOCKWOOD, Corner of Upper and High-Streets. Lexington, Dec. 18, 1810. tf

AN APPRENTICE WILL BE TAKEN AT THIS OFFICE.

WANTED, TWO HUNDRED HOGSHEADS

TOBACCO AND TEN THOUSAND GALLONS

WHISKEY, For which the highest going price will be given. Halstead & Meglone.

For Sale.

and Havannah Sugars of an excellent quality -6 barrels Tanuers Oil-1 hogshead 4th proof Jamaica Rum-1 pipe Cogniac Brandy-1000 gallons old Whiskey; all of which will be sold ow for cash or approved notes at 30 and 60

Also Trunks of every size and description, with any kind of Covering; Carpenter's and Joiner's tools, viz. Sash Plains double and single, with prickers and templets, Groving Plains with and without arms, different sizes, complete setts of Pench Plains, single and double ironed, Hallows and Rounds, Moulding Plains of every description Braces and Bitts, &c. &c.

Halstead '5' Meglone.
Opposite the Markett House Lexington, K.

FOR SALE,

A TWO story Brick House and Lot of ground on main street (in a pleasant part of the town) -Terms three yearly payments without interest-enquire of the printer.

KEENE'S LIVERY STABLE. THE public are respectfully informed, that those Stables are now occupied by the subscriber, who begs leave to assure them that he will at all times pay the most strict attention to horses left in his care—His extensive knowledge and known skil in horses, are sufficient to en-ure him the c. stom of his friends.

RICHARDSON ALLEN.

tifully watered. The improvements on this farm are convenient and valuable, consisting of a large and commodious dwelling house, and every requisite out building—a good still house, barn, stables &c.—Fruit trees in great variety and abundance. About seventy acres of the land cleared, and in handsome order for cultivation. A further description is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed the land will be viewed by those vishing to purchase.

A general warrantee deed will be made the parchaser, and possession had the first of January next. Application to be made to the subscriber in Lexington at the Livery stable.

RICHARDSON ALLEN.

June 4th, 1810.

REMOVAL.

DOCTOR JAMES OVERTON HAS removed his Apothecary's Shop to the upper corner in Jordan's Row, near the Kentucky Hotel, where he has for fale an extensive stock of GENUINE MEDICINES, together with a complete assortment of SURGEON'S INSTRUMENTS, made after the latest and most

approved models.

OR. GVERTON will practice PHYSIC and SURGERY in Lexington and its neighborhood. He has just procured a portion of unquestionable COW POX infection, and will communicate the disease to any person desirous of enjoying its protection. September 3, 1810.

Almanacks for 1811,

For sale at the office of the KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

JUST RECEIVED, From Phila.

VOLS. 4 & 5 OF THE AMERICAN REGISTER,

GENERAL REPOSITORY OF HISTORY, POLITICS AND SCIENCE. PRICE \$3 25.

VOL. 13, PART 1st OF REES'S CYCLOPÆDIA,

FOR SUBSCRIBERS.

LEXINGTON LIBRARY.

HE share-holders are informed that on Saturday the first of December, their contributions become due, and on Saturday the 5th of January a general meeting of the share-holdere will be held at the Library room (a-greeable to the charter) for the election of offi-

DAVID LOGAN, Librarian.
November 20th, 1610.

The A case is provided in the Library room, for the reception and preserving with safety such articles of curiosity as may be deposited,

PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold at public sale, at the front store room of Mr. George Anderson, on Wed-nesday the 26th inst. at 10 o'clock in the morn-ing, sundry Household and Kitchen furniture, an assortment of Gold, Silversmith's Watch and Clock makers' Tools and materials, also three eight day clocks, one with, and two without cases, the property of Alexander Frazer, dec. on a credit of twelve months on all sums above ten dollars, when bond and approved security will be required.

ROBERT FRAZER, Admr.

Lexington, Dec. 13, 1810.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the estate of A lexander Frazer, dec. are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having de-mands against said estate, are requested to make them known to ROBERT FRAZER, Admr.

Lexington, Dec, 12, 1810.

NEW GOODS.

DAVID WILLIAMSON HAS JUST RECEIV-ED FROM PHILADELPHIA,

AND now opening in the house formerly occupied by John Cross, and next door to Trotter and Tilford, a complete and general assort-ment of MERCHANDIZE, which he will sell unusually low for cash. He will also give the highest price in cash for HEMP.

the waters of Green river, in Green county, containing 666 2-3 acres. Negroes or Cotton will be taken in part or whole payment.

The subscribers have also for sale, 6000 lbs.

Coffee, first quality—10 barrels Muscovado and Havannah Sugars of an excellent.

H. FOSTER & Co. TAYL RS,

INFORM the citizens of Lexington and its patch. icinity, that they carry on the above business vicinity, that they carry on the above business in all its various branches, in the shop formerly occupied by Lawson McCullough, on Hill Street. Those who favour them with their custom may rely on having their work done with neatness and dispatch.

(f) Generous wages with good workmen, in the above and the highest price for old will be taken as apprentices.

August 6th, 1810. September 31st, 1810.



STILLS FOR SALE.

AT THE COPPER AND TIN MANUFACTO-RY OF THE SUBSCRIEER,

WHO has by the late arrivals received a large assortment of COPPER & TIN, and has engaged from the Eastward, some of the first TOR SALE,

AVALUABLE AND WELL IMPROVED FARM,

YING on Henry's mill road, only four miles from Lexington, containing 150 acres of first rate land well timbered, and plentifully watered. The improvements on this farm are convenient and value in the same are convenient and

Gallaten, are requested to settle their accounts, or they will after this notice, (if not attended to)

Main street Lexington, 2d Jan'y. 1810.



Fresh Medicine, JUST arrived and to be soldby the subscriber, at his Apothecary Shop, at the corner of Short and Market streets, Lexington. AMONG WHICH IS

The Iceland Moss, Celebrated for the cure of Confumptions and Phthfic.

Also for Sale,
White & Red Clover Seed, TIMOTHY & BLUE GRASS Do. Essence of Spruce in Pots. Andrew M'Calla

APPLY AT THE OFFICE OF THE KENTUCKY GAZETTE

Bradford's Laws of Kentucky, General Instructor, Masonic Constitutions. Bishop's Sermons, Craighead's Sermon, Dr. John P. Campbell's Answer, American Register, vol. 1, 2 & 3, Life of Shaw, Wilson's Grammar, Webster's Spelling books, New-England Primer,

Doctrinal Catechism Christ's Second appearing &c. ALSO Blank Books of any kind, Check Books, and Negotiable Note Books

Pamphlets on various subjects, Writing Paper, Wrapping and Tea Paper &c. &c. A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Blanks for Clerks, Sheriffs & Constables.

Cold books rebound, and Book Binding generally executed on short notice. August 17th, 1810

FULLING MILL.

T HE subscriber, grateful to his friends and customers for former favours, wishes to nform them that he has rented Saml. Scott's Fulling Mill, on the town fork of Elkhorn, where he advantage of a constant current of water will enable him to carry on the Fulling business more to the satisfaction of his customers, than he has heretofore done. For the convenience of distant customers, he will attend at the usual places of deposit, for the purpose of receiving cloths—viz. At John Keiser's, Lexington; at dr. Patton's, post master at Paris; at Mr. Mahony's in Geotgetown, on the first day of the several courts in the towns aforesaid. He will also attend once a week to receive cloth that may be left with Mrs. Raymond at her have elapsed, and my wife continues free have elapsed, and her have elapsed, and her have elapsed. that may be left with Mrs. Raymond at her mill, which shall be returned dressed in a month or five weeks at furthest, unless some accident prevent it. The subscriber pledges himself to his customers to exert the utmost of his abiliies in finishing such cloth as may be commit. your excellent medicine. ted to his care with neatness and speed.

JOHN KENNEDY.

November 26th, 1810.

Blanks OF ALL KINDS, For Sale at this Office.

JAMES ROBER GOLD AND SILVER SMITH,

INFORMS his friends and the public in general, that he has removed to the store lately occupied by T. D. Owings, on Main street, 3 doors above the Branch Bank; where he will constantly keep an elegant assortment of Gold & Silver Watches, Jewellery, Silver and plated Ware of every description, and newest fashions which he offers for sale on the most reasonable terms for each

erms for cash.

In addition to the above, he is now prepared to carry on the Watch making and repairing business—and will warrant his work to be well executed. Orders from a distance strictly atended to.—And all those who are pleased to favor him with their custom, may depend upon having their work done with neatness and dis-

Generous wages will be given for 1 or 2 good workmen, in the above line of business; and the highest price for old gold and silver.

Also one or two boys of good character,

CASH WILL BE GIVEN BY THE SUBSCRIBER, FOR

ABOUT 250 Hogs & 150 Beeves.

The purchase of the Hogs will be commenced about christmas—they must be confed, and very fat; nearly slaughtered, and perfeat heads when defined. feetly cool when delivered. None under 200wt nett will be received; no engagement previous to delivery will be made, but it the pork suits

ed about the 1st Feb. next—they must be stall-fed, and better than what is termed good beef; they must be prime. None under 500wt, nett will suit—they will be received on foot, and \$4

moved his complaints, Pis-distressing cough was immediately allevia-ted and every other symptom rapidly sub-dued. Four or five bottles entirely re-moved his complaints, and restored him

BARRELS. Navy Agent Ky. Lexington, 14th Nov. 1810.

In the house of Mr. Coyle, opposite the Branch
Bank.
WALDEMARD MENTFLLE

Has just received by the latest arrivals, and opened for sale, a variety of articles, such as

DRY GOODS; Among which, are the following. PLANDERS fine hemp linen Queen's and China ware Sugar of different kinds Imperial and Hyson teas White and red lead Spanish whiting and patent yellow

Spanish brown and painter's brushes With a constant supply of Flax seed of Spirit of turpentine Madeira Wine Rum and French Brandy
Cherry bounce and old Whiskey
Figs, raisins and almonds
Pickled Oysters
Mackarel and shad
Best Laponetar and C

Best Lancaster snuff Also an elegant assortment of Jewellery Looking glasses with and without frames Coach and clock glasses Gilt frames and elegant

Paintings & engravings Toys for children Italian and common fiddle strings & fiddles Profiles taken and framed by Menteile as

Always on hard, a quantity of dry GOOSE CREEK SALT & PUTTY. Lexington Dec. 18, 1810.

DISEASES CURED. Lee's Genuine Family Medicines,

CELEBRATED for curing most diforders to which the human body is liable, continue to be prepared and fold, wholesale and retail at LEE's old established patent and family Medicine Store, No. 56 Maiden Lane, New York, and sold in Kentucky by appointment of the propri-etors at Waldemarie Mentelle's store in Lexington and at Dud ey, Trigg & Dud

ley's store in Frankfort. By applying at hese stores purchasers can be supplied Hahn's true and genuine German CORNwith the ganuine reparations of the late Richard Lee, which for many years past have proved superior to any medicines hitherto discovered, both in the safety of their operation and certainty of producing cures, as the many recommendation and certificates before the public fully

FITS CAUSED BY WORMS.

The extraordinary cure my wife has ex-Destroying Lozenges ought to be made public for the benefit of tholes who may be afflicted in a similar manner; with this intention I now inform you she had been subject to severe convulsion fits upwards of twenty years. These fits were apparently brought on by trifling circumstances. A drink of cold water, or stumbling in walking has often occasioned a recurrence of a fit, and their frequency was such as to render her incapable of all bu-siness. Hamilton's worm lozenges becoming celebrated in my neighbourhood were administered, and a quantity o small worms and matter were brought away, which had no doubt been the cause of her fits; sue having had none since the from fits, and has become very healthy Wishing these circumstances may be servicable in extending the knowledge of

I am, &c. JOHN SHOTWELL. Mrs. H. Lee, widow of? Richard Lee, N. York.

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

Rahway, Aug. 27.

FOR COUGH'S &c. Asthmas, sore throats, and most disorders of the breast and lungs, is recommended

as an unparalelled remedy. A single trial will prove that it restores the deter-mination of the fluids to the surface of the oody, and brings on the common healthful perspiration; that it dislodges and evacutes the tough viscid phlegm or mucus, strengthens the weakened vessela of the lungs, sheather the acrimonious hamour which irritates them, and finally discharges it. Thus exclining at the most than the second of the lungs, sheather the acrimonious hamour which irritates them, and finally discharges it. Thus striking at the root of the disorder, the symptoms are of course effectually and perman ently conquered, the reverse of common medicines which weaken the constitution, and give strength to the disorder, for the sake of moderating for the present, some of its painful effects. To parents who have children afflicted

with the hooping cough, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cru-el disorder to which children are liable. The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose to small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Selected Recommendations.

Mr. Charles A yere, Hamstead Hill, near Baltimore, had been a long time dangerously indisposed, and was reduced to the lowest state of weakness, insomuch that his recovery appeared extremely doubtful. His complaints, which seemed to be affections of the breast and lungs, and general debility occasioned thereby, when offered, it will be taken and paid for at the highest cash price.

The pure hase of the beeves will be commenced by the use of the beeves will be commenced by the use of the beeves will be commenced by the use of the beeves will be commenced by the use of the beeves will be commenced by the use of the most properties of the beautiful by the use of the most properties of the beautiful by the use of the most properties of the beautiful by the use of the most properties of the beautiful by the use of the beautiful by the beautiful by the use of the beautiful by the use of the beautiful by the beautiful

Twish to contract for some pork and beef ARRELS.

JAMES MORRISON.

Navy Agent Ky.

Lexington, 14th Nov. 1810.

Commission Store,

To an excellent state of health and strength which he has for upwards of a year past enjoyed without interruption.

Rom Luther Martin, Esq. attorney general of the state of Maryland.

I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Mamilton's Elizar—It has been used in my family for two or three been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breaft, accompanied with soreness and with obstructed and difficult breathing. On these accounts I do not hesitare to recommend Hamilton's Elixir as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHAR MARTIN.

ITCH CURED

By once using Lee's Sovereign Ointment. The proprietor informs those persons and families who are suffering under this discase (against the infection of which no person is safe) that if this ointment is used at night, on going to bed, it never tails to perform a cure by the following morning, as thousands who have used it during the last thousands who have used it during the last ten years can testify. The peculiar excellencies of this infallible temedy for the itch, over every other, are the certainty of a cure by a single application; the ingredients being so innocent as to be applied with perfect sefects to the applied with perfect safety to the tender-eft infant, and its being not only free from any offensive smell but equally agreeable with the pleasantest pomatum.

DR. HAMILTON'S GRAND RESTORATIVE,

Which the inventor confidently recom mends as an involuable medicine for the peedy relief and permanent cure of various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures, juvenile indiscretions, residence in climates unfavourable to the constitution, the immederate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any destructive intemperance, the unskilful or excessive use of mercury, the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life, bad ly-

PLAISTER; an infallibe remedy for corns; speedily removing them, root and branch, without giving any Hamilton's ESSENCE OF MUSTARD for the rheumatism, gout, palsy, swell-

ing, numbness &c. TOOTH-ACHE DROPS; the only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lafting relief in the most se-

vere instances. HAHN'S ANTI-BILLIOUS PILLS. For removing costiveness, bie. &c. and

cleansing the stomach and bowels. The above well known medicines continue to be faithfully prepared from the recipes of the late Richard Lee, by Hannah Lee, his widow, and are for sale whole.

Lee's Patent and Family Medicine Store, New York,

Where may be seen in extensive list of recommendations and cures, certified by some of the most respectable characters in the United States.

* A liberal discount allowed to Drug. gists and wholesale purchasers, Sold in Kentucky by appointment of the pre

prietor, at Waldemarle Mentelle's Stre LEXINGTON, AND AT Dudley, Trigg & Dudley's More,

IN FRANKFORT. THE subsciber has for sale a Wagon and Team, and 4 work horses; also a Gig & lorse cart, all of which will be sold low for ready

W. BOWLIN. Lexington, Dec. 17, 1810.

THE MEMORIAL

MECHANICS & MANUFAC. OF LEXINGTON, KENTUCKS, TO CONGRESS.

THE MEMORIAL OF THE SUBSCRIBERS CITIZENS OF THE TOWN OF LEXING TON, AND COUNTY OF FAYETTE, AND STATE OF KENTUCKY, RESPECTFUL LY SHEWETH :

chanics and manufacturers of the U. the attention of congress. In all the erable; whilst little has been done in expended in the fortification of the sea our labor. Another fact perhaps ought the duties which have been laid on fo- must increase in an equal ratio. Not reign tonnage; to the bounties which so the demand of foreign markets. given to merchants at our custom hou- opinion of your memorialists, to shew We do not however condemn that policy which gives bounties and protection to the merchant; nor, though local in time for that change in business, which its operation, to the support which is must take place (and to the general disafforded to the fishermen. We feel tress of the country) when a peace upon those subjects as Americans there will put an end to our carrying from the seats of commerce, we do not produce. repine at those regulations which are made for its benefit; and are content when any species of enterprize and industry is encouraged by the government. For we know well, that the U S. compose an extensive nation; that our citizens are scattered over an immense country, having various soils and climates, with as various pursuits adapted thereto; and that a government forming laws for this population, must will more readily unite in measures calconsult the wants and necessities of cutated to vindicate the honor, & assert each, and by attending to particulars, the rights of the nation. To prove this, omote the general good of the whole. We complain only because the protec tion and encouragement of industry is not made universal, and extended to every pursuit which is known in our country. If it be just in a republic established for the common good, to give to any one pursuit, bounties, encouragement and protection, we hold it as an undeniable truth, that all other sale of his productions. Some capital pursuits are equally entitled to them.

and manufacturers should likewise be and the plough in some places was aprotected, appears from other and powerful considerations.

wars of the French revolution, was occasioned by an unnatural extension of commerce, and an unnatural demand and few will be content to live on pat-The labor there withdrawn from agriculture, the ravages of contending ar- to domestic pursuits; had it given emmies, and the destruction of the commercial navy of continental Europe ;created a demand for our produce and gave such employment to our shipping instead of the farmer being compelled and such encouragement to our merchants, as to occasion that rapid accumulation of wealth and those internal improvements, which have even astonished ourselves and been the wonder of the world. Upon the continuance of this state of things, we are not to depend .- An eternal war in Europe is not to be expected-the state is unnatural; and experience shews, that one party must give way when its resources are exhausted, or, it is humbled by the victories of its enemy .-When this period arrives, what has heretofore been the life of our industry, will no longer animate it, and we shall be compelled to look to other re sources, to preserve the wealth which we have acquired. But how can it be preserved if we do not change our system, and congress does not give another direction to the industry of the country? Where shall we find a market for the productions of our soil?-

A brief view of the history of our ommerce, we conceive will place this suject in a proper point of view.

And where will our shipping find em-

ployment?

Lifore our revolutionary war, our mark tswere in the dominions of Great Britain, and such of the colonies of Europen powers as we could obtain ad nittaice into by smuggling. After the pene of '83 we lost the regular market of the former; and the latter little moment. Such were the coloninot to permit the introduction into their

time which elapsed between the ac-useful a charcter-part of his gains are knowledgment of our independence sent abroad, and paid away to foreignand the commencement of the French ers. The mechanic and manufacturer, revolution, all of our citizens who de- likewise contribute to make the country anded upon foreign commerce, were really independent by furnishing those often reduced to great distress. The supplies, which we should otherwise cious metals. Mave we discovered must always be a dependent one. Her noust be confessed, has afforded it some In their ports we are therefore to pursuits would give a country resources able manufactories were established. met with your exclusive protection and kets will not be found for our surplus the most convenient as well as the most support. To prove this, let us refer produce, and that we shall be compel- useful representative of wealth and lato the immense sums which have been led to look at home for the reward of bour. ports; to the establishment of a navy; not to pass unnoticed: Our country is to the expenditures occasioned by our rapidly encreasing in population-and intercourse with foreign nations; to its surplus produce for exportation protect the fisheries; to the credits All those circumstances, combine in the ses; and in fine, to the many sacrifices the policy of directing the industry of which have been made to commerce. our citizens into such channels as will not be affected by the edicts, regulations and wars of Europe; and to prepare in should do. Remote as we are situated trade and destroy the markets for our

a beneficial effect upon our foreign relations. If our most important market be at home, so large a proportion of the depredations of the pirates of the ocean-and the people, less embarrassed by the interruptions of commerce, let us appeal to facts-the most recent, and of course, the most convincing have happened within a few years. The edicts of France and England, which produced the embargo, occasioned also, the interruption of that commerce, upon which much labor depended for employment, the merchant for his profits and the farmer for the was idle—many vessels were rotting in America. That the industry of the mechanics in our ports-produce found no market, bandoned. Patriotism would prompt us to suffer for our country .- But the The rapid accumulation of wealth sailor cannot feed himself in port: the which the U.S. have made since the farmer dislikes to lose his crops—the it will be asked, tax one portion of the merchant looks with impatience upon blasted prospects and ruined fortunes, for the productions of our agriculture. riotism, whilst their families are starv- port government. Imposts levied with ing. Had our acting capital given life ployment to labor; had our provisions been consumed, and our raw materials been fabricated, by domestic artizansto look abroad in search of a market for both—we should not have felt so much the pressure of the embargo, nor would patriotism. This is the course of human events; and history proves, that the rulers of nations have always been obliged to accommodate their differences with others, upon better or worse conditions, according as the contest bore heavy or not upon their own people. Were the citizens of the U. S. however, in the situation alluded to, how different would be the attitude which our government could assume And how much less would foreign powers calculate upon exciting a clamour against it, by theinterruption of ourcommerce, or the general stagnation of our

business? That the interest of the country coincides with the political and national considerations which we have enumerated in support of domestic manufactures, has been the opinion of the most enlightened statesmen of whom America can boast, and moreover appears from very obvious reasons.

Upon the quantum of its labor, is said to depend the wealth of a nation. But to create wealth, labor must be productive-and those pursuits which put most of it into action, seem best calculated to make it so. There is no pursuit, (agriculture excepted) which has an effect of this nature, equal to being precarious in its nature, was of that of the mechanic and manufacturaf and commercial systems of Europe as raw materials, and consumes our proviser. The manufacturer works up our dominions, of articles which they could and is almost immediately circulated a-

scarcity: So that during the period of ty. The merchant is by no means so could be afforded for from abroad. prohibitions whenever they could do she become impoverished and distress-

Desirable, however, asit may be to eneffectually only by congress. The mechanic and the manufacturer in the U. S. has to contend with obstacles unand the skill of his workmen; but above all, by the strength of his capital, and A change like this in the direction manufactured article. The American of capital and labor (it moreover ap- manufacturer is at present poor; he pears to your memorialists) will have has buildings to erect, work men to teach, and powerful prejudices to overcome: cessary for him to force markets, whilst feared, that the foreigner will purposely seek opportunities to depress markets, in order to move the American Permit us whilst upon this subject to rebrated contest between the British and Dutch with the imperial East India company; where the former by depressing the prices of commodities, succeeded supported as it was by the weight and treasures of the emperor Joseph: a fate which may attend many establishments

When we ask for adequate protecions from Congress to our own manufactures, we are aware of jealousies which will be excited against us. Why, people to benefit another? We answer for the benefit of the whole, and to equalize the imposts which are laid to supthis view, is but taking from one pocket what is abundantly repaid to the other. Whatever gives life to the domestic industry of the country, benefits every man in it. Whatever sums are paid to keep our resources at home is not lost. As in the human frame, it is like the veins returning blood to the heart, whereby the whole system may be reour interest have warred with our plenished. Such are the lessons furnished by experience. How has Great Britain become the first commercial and manufacturing nation in the world By her superior arts and industry? No in these she is rivalled by her great competitor. By her system of restriction and protection. By those regulations which encourage her own commerce and manufactures, and by depressing those of foreign nations: What she can make and produce herself, she suffers no country to supply her with. By these means, she has made the industry of all nations her tributary, and by these means she has monopolized the commerce and manufactured for the world. But the effect of our own discriminating duties upon foreign tonnage, and that protecting system which has raised the fisheries of New England from insignificance, to be the first in the world, shew sufficiently the effects produced upon the industry of a nation by this system of restriction and protection.-Admitting, however, that a system like this, may operate as a tax upon the industry of one part of the country, at the expense of another, it cannot long be so .- When the domestic manufacturer shall have acquired experience, and his laborers are completely instructed in their business; and when by industry and success he shall have acquired capital sufficient to enable him to extend his businessthe natural effect will be to reduce his

that the United States should meet

restriction by restriction, and contend in this way against all nations who wish to make our labor and industry tributary to them? Shall we not be blind to importation of foreign commodities, be dependent for, on foreign nations.— our own interest if we omit doing so? drained us of our treasures; and our The nation which produces but a small Repeatedly have our public characters other paperce did not bring us back part of what she can consume, or grows declared that manufactures should be a correspondent proportion of the pre-but few articles, we have already seen, encouraged; and praised have those citizens often been, who have establishthat there exists in the breast of the wants cannot be regularly supplied, and ed them.—But they must have somerulers of Europe any disposition to a- her business appears subjected to em- thing more substantial to support them, That the present situation of the me- bandon upon the return of peace their barrassment. Say, that her pursuit is than praise. If foreign governments systems of commerce? Even during commerce: when that is interrupted, can prevent them (as we have shewn States is peculiarly interesting to the the wars, which have raged for a few as for example, it has been for the last they can, and probably will do) from people generally, and well deserves years past, they have renewed their 16 years in Holland; and how soon will being productive to the proprietors, experience will shew the manufacturacts and deliberations of your honorable without us. In times of peace, the ed? Let her pursuit be exclusively er that his money has been expended body, it appears to your memorialists, powers of Europe can supply them-agriculture; and the depression of in vain; and ill success will deterothat a predeliction for the interests selves and their colonies, with all the markets (which has often been the case there from the same pursuit. This of commerce has always been discov- provisions which they may have occa- with respect to our provisions, tobacco latter consideration, we hope will have sion for. Their colonies can rival us and cotton) will paralize the industry its due weight with congress, especifavor of the internal industry of the in tobacco, and in all the raw materi- and enterprize of the nation. Where- ally when the circumstances are recolcountry. Your revenue system, it als which they want for manufactures. as the multiplication and diversity of lected, under which our most considerpartial protection; but, that system ap- expect a permanent market for a small which others could not deprive her of, The non-importation act, but particupears to have been calculated only for part of our productions only, and but and the industry of one part of it would larly the embargo act, by interrupting the purposes of revenue; and, as pow- an uncertain and temporary one for the cherish, invigorate and support that of the trade to Europe, created a demand erfully as it might be made to encour-age domestic manufactures; no act nothing from us. We hazard nothing consideration, that the increase of man-from abroad, and to supply which, maseems to have been adopted with that then, when we assert, that after the ufactures would tend to keep at home ny workshops were erected. Out of view .- On the contrary, commerce has wars of Europe are over, foreign mar- the precious metals, the principal and one establishment arose another. If congress are disposed to encourage them, now is the time.—A moment so favorable to do so, may not occur for years; since many citizens are discourage manufactures, it can be done posed to engage in them, if those which are erected prove successful .-Success crowns every step with popularity, and produces imitators and folknown to the foreigner. The British lowers; whereas, misfortune has a conmanufacturer, his great competitor, is trary effect. Damped would this spiprotected by prejudice, by the course rit be, if the expected settlement of our of business, by the low price of labour, differences with foreign nations, were to occasion such an influx of foreign commodities as to undersell our manufacthe bounties and encouragement given turers. Then those buildings, workto him by his government. And upon shops and warehouses, upon which so almost all heavy articles, as to which much labor and money has been exan American has the best opportunity pended, would go waste, and their proof rivalling him, those bounties and en- prietors with the loss of purse, would couragements are more than equal to the have the additional mortification of befreight, charges and insurance upon the ing considered merely as projectors. But should our disputes with foreign nations end in war-and at this moment, when new codes of maratime law are hourly proclaimed, and the peaceful His limited capital often makes it ne- pursuits of all neutral nations are interrupted by the great belligerent powers our property will not be subjected to his opponent can wait for, or command of Europe;—when old states are daily one at pleasure. Indeed, it is to be overturned, and new kingdoms are as often erected; we cannot calculate up on preserving peace for a moment :would not a congressional act for the out of his way. Such have often been permanent support of the mechanics & the effects of the jealousy of trade. manufacturers of the country much encourage those citizens who are disposed mind your honourable body of the cele- to devote their capital to those pursuits, & as much assist our government in the vigorous prosecution of war? You have made provision for the permanent support of a navy; and in any war in which in annihilating or ruining the latter, you might engage, this must be used as a great means to annoy an enemy. Your navy, as well as the shipping of the United States, have heretofore depended upon foreigners for the supply of cordage and sail cloth. You must have cloathing also for the navy and army, and depend upon the internal resources of the country for the supply of those articles. The people must likewise depend upon the home-market for the supply and sale of every thing.

The mechanic and manufacturer. with the protection which congress could promise, would work with spirit, confidently expecting a constant remuneration for their labor. Whether. however, this protection should be afforded by bounties, or by prohibitory, or protecting duties upon all artiever state, that as capital is much wanted by mechanics and manufacturers, combination of those means, might be

attended with salutary effects. As citizens of the state of Kentucky permit us to add a few considerations. arising out of the local situation of our country. Kentucky is rich in soil, but remotely situated from the seats o commerce. Her proximity to Indiana and Obio, subjects her to continua drains of treasure for the purchase of United States' lands. Large sums of money are annually sent off for foreign productions; and the merchants of the U. States, who are the real collectors of the revenue, pay our duties to the treasury. Protected as we are by the strong arm of, and attached to, the union, with this arrangement we are satisfied. But when the fisheries of New England are not only protected by duties, but encouraged by bounties-when comparatively speaking no public monies are expended here, but all at Washington and on the sea board, for the support of government and the protection of a commerce, in which from our local and insular situation, we cannot participatewe think we have a rightful and just claim to some indemnification; and this can only be given to us by encouraging and protecting our internal industry.

Wherefore we pray that Congress

produce themselves unless in seasons of gain by various channels through socie- lower often, than what the same article | will take this subject into consideration and as in duty bound we shall ever pray, But would not good policy dictate,

.*. Printers friendly to the promotion of Domestic manufactures, will, it is presumed, nsert the the foregoing,

Mrs. WHITE's MILLINERY STORE.

The subscriber, having recently returned from the eastward, is now oftening an extensive and elegant assortment of

FANCY GOODS.

SELECTED FROM THE BEST MARKETS,

CONSISTING OF ORPEDO, Wardie, Woodland, cottage and gunboat bonnets Shepherders and Madison hats Black Leghorn do.

Chip and straw bonnets, with our usual assortment of satin, silk and muslin do. Fashionable velvet bonnets Full dress caps and lace bandkerchiefs Fancy and black Ostridge feathers Ar incial flowers and neck laces Gold and silver band

Gold and silver spangles and foil Parrasols and umbrellas
Shineal silk and cotton trimmings Silk and cotton cord, and jet buttons Black and white cotton and thread laces Thread tatten and lace leno triminings. Lace gauze for caps and handker hiefs, Lace lene for do.
Coloured and white lene for scarfs

Elegant worked robes and soufel gauze Biack and white Italian crape Worked hankerchiefs and seeded muslins Elegant rose straw gimp & cork screw do, do-Elegant straw backs and crowns for bonners Shawls, cotton, cambrick, callico, India muslin and baftas Nett and leno sleaves, kid & cambrick gloves

Men's leather do and suspenders Gold and silver watches Silk and cotton velvet, coloured; and black satin and silk for bonnets.

Plain and figured satin and lutestring rib bonds plain and figured coloured velvet dofine and coarse lapwire, common do-Counter, tenor treble and bass violin strings Women's fine black worsted hose cotton do Women's high heel spring and flat kid shoe.
and shoe knots

Children's shoes, glass tumblers, whalebone for ladies corsets, cotton laces for do.

Ladies dress quisical, crape, mourning and

Ladies riding whips Ridicules, scarlet and green Conversation, flirting & fortune telling cards 300 boxes of white and coloured cotton balls. Cotton and thread boss and worsted cruels Scotch thread from No. 10 to 70, flat bobbin and tapes Turkey red

White chapel and tambour needles Steel bodkins scissors and thimbles Palmerine, Windsor & Philadelphia white soap Frock paper and pound pins Hair combs, frizeing and reding do-Scented pomatum in sticks Court plaister, tooth powder and brushes

Double distilled Bergamotte, lavender and honey, and the much admired milk of roses Pungent salts, smelling hottles, paint boxes, came! hair and black lead pencils Gold and silver paper, stamped do. gum arabic, alabaster dolls and a variety of toys Children's leather hats

Peppermint drops sugar and burnt almonds, sugar plumbs, kisses rose cake and hore hound candy Imperial tea, green coffee, loaf sugar, Eng-

lish Durham mustard by lb 1-4 or 2 02 Nova Scotia red herrings, perper, ginger, allspice, cinnamon, coperas, allum, fig blue starch, rosin, stone ware stings, country linen and thread.
77000 lb prime Tennessee cotton
Flower, kitchen, garden and grass seeds

Double rocket norstortions, do. columbine. wall flower, do. flowering balsam, sweet flowering pea, variegated and plai ge-raniums, China asters, purple Pousian stalk do, purple ten week tulin flower, superfine carnation pirk, do, English thorn haws Pyrancanthia or evergreen thoms solid cellery, fine cauliflower, early York and sugar loaf cabbage, red cabbage and all the vegetables belonging to the kitchen

A perspective, with views in France. Spain, Germany, Italy, England and Indand.

DANIEL WHITE. Lexington, Mainsteet.

PUBLIC SALE.

cles which the country can produce, or in whole or in part by loans, as recommended by the present secretary of the current will be sold on Wednesday the 26th instant at the late dwelling of John Le Grand, dec. about four miles from Lexington, near Curd's road, the real and personal estate of said treasury; the subscribers will not deceased, consisting of a Farm of 50 acres, a presume to point out. We will, how small but good brick house nearly finished out houses &c. About thirty acres chared and under cultivation—a few Horses, Cafile, Hogs and sheep, and if not previously sold at private sale, the present year's crop-viz. Corn, Oats. Hay and Hemp-Terms of sale, half the purchase money for the farm in hand, the hale twelve months credit, with juterest-the other property for any sum above five dollars. twelve months credit with interest-in case approved bonds with security will be re-

A LEGRAND Executors, JANE LEGRAND, Ex'rx. Dec. 13th, 1810,

SANDERS'S COTTON FACTORY,

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY. WANTED, twelve Apprentices to the Wea-ving business, boys from 12 to 18 years of age to learn them reading, writing and arithmetic to the rule of three—to provide them with confortable boarding, lodging and decent cloatling—to be bound until 21 years of age—them the term expressed in the rule of three to provide them with confortable boarding, lodging and decent cloatling—to be bound until 21 years of age—them the term express to invest the term expressed are the term ex when the term expires to give a good suit of

LEWIS SANDERS N. B. I wish to purchase 200 barrets of L.S. Lexington, D. cember 13, 1810.

CAUTION. THE Public are hereby notified not to

ake an asssignment on a note of hand given by me to Joseph Miller for the sum. of 30 dollars, payable fome time in May next, as I am determined not to pay the fame, it having been fraudulently obtain-

ADAM LONG. December 22d, 1810.

"He comes, the Herald of a noisy world;
"News from all nations lumb'ring at his back."

LEXINGTON, DECEMBER 25.

Yesterday's mail arrived in the evening- no intelligence, either foreign or domestic, of consequence was received.

The portion of this paper occupied by a memorial of the Mechanics and Manufacturers of Lexington, will be found interesting to every reader-exclusive of the elegance and chastiness of the composition, the real merits of the subject is such as to command the take place the 8th of January. attention of every American, not alinetry-It is a subject which deeply concurns the nation, and to a truly respect- furrection. able portion, it is all important.

That due respect will be paid we need no better pledge than the individual patriotism of the members who compose the representation from this state, as well as a most respectable majority of Congress.

The important documents which accompanied the Presidents message relative to Florida, (published in last Gazette) have very justly attracted particular attention; a more unanimous expression of approbation, we have scarcely ever witnessed on a subject of so great importance; all classes here ap plaud the steps taken by the executive : and manifest a decided firmness to support whatever measures may be deemed necessary, or may result from this new attitude of the general government, towards the attainment of so important an acquisition. To what degree the like sentiments will prevail in other quarters, we shall soon be informed.

The last Natchez papers inform us of the arrival of Gov. Claiborne at that place, and the movement of the United States' troops. Mention is made of a recent election in the Florida territory, and the meeting of the representatives. Falwar Skipwith, has been invested with the office of Governor .- The Presidents' proclamation, will put an end to those proceedings, and the Florida Yazoo men, will no doubt be dispersed.

In the Legislature of South Carolina, (now in session) an address to the President of the United States has been introduced expressing the sense of that state on our national affairs, recommending to him the adoption of the most en er getic measures against the British government, should they refuse to repeal their obnoxious orders in eouncil; and to take such steps as will probably compelher to respect us as a free and pendent people. This audress was broughtforward by a Mr. Pinckney, and afterbeing read was referred to a com-

Gen. Benjamin Smith, has been elected governor of the state of North Carolina, by the Legislature thereof, for the ensuing year.

We have yet no positive account of the final result of the late election of members to the 12 h Congress in the state of Massachusetts; it is however ascertained that 7 federalists and 8 republicans are elected.

Answer to the Governor's M. ssage. His Excellency Charles Scott

SIR-We have heard your communication with that lively interest it is so well calculated to excite: its sentiments are worthy a chief magistrate, anxious for the prosperity of his

The objects to which you call our attention are of the hignest importance ond concern to al! We owe our country and ourselves, too much, no to meet those objects with our best deliberations, and we trust those deliberations will produce measures, calculated to remedy, at least some of the evils you mention.

To increase our resources, which will consequently increase and scoure public credit and confidence—to cherish public spirit—inde-pendence at home, and respectability abroad he best guarantees of pubbe good, must sure ly meet the approbation of all good men.

But while we are endeavouring to cure evils, we cannot but feel much pleasure at the un equalled prosperity of our country, nor should we be unmandful of the gratitude due a benige providence, for the many blessing's we enjoy We cannot close this address, without c

curring with you in opinion, that as we have but little to hope from the justice of the two France, we should prepare our selves to have as little to lear from their anger.

N r can we but deprecate the policy of those nations towards the United States, as unjust and unvise; unjust, because in violation of all law and all right, unwise because it is cal culated to wear America from them forever We are sorry for that indisposition which has prevented your personal attendance, and anxiously hope for your speedy recovery.

EXTRACT - From a correspondent at

Frant fort. N'r. South moved for leave in the house of Representatives to bring in the bill for a convention, but was rejected-veas 30 pays 36. Thus you find the babes have disappointed the state foster father, who thority.

dreaded fo much this measure with others.

The designs of the Brazilian government tire population of the country after their amount offered by the clerk of Lincoln, (which country is nearly as populous) viz. 25 doll. 9 cents. The house proceeded immediately (dispensing to the southern frontier had been made, but whatever be their views, they must submit to the guidance of the British cabinet, and on the measures, of the British covernment described where the process of the British covernment described where the proce like services -but whilft they were fquab-sanguinary struggle. bling about its constitutionality, the clerk

got his money and cleared out. "A bill entitled an act to amend an act entitled an act to amend the law respectag cut money, has passed both houses.

"There is a great variety of business before both houses and it cannot be ascertained at what time an adjournment

ated from the true interests of his coun- nate by Mr. Bullock providing for the punishment of slaves in rebellion and in-

he penitentiary, on the night of the

Morris and James Hanson. one hundred dollars in addition, for the whole, by the keeper.

mouth, commencing the 1st & ending the 30th day of November, 1310.

Bushels Wheat 60.800 Barrels Flour 10,661 Hhds. Tobacco 223 Bushels Bran 5,100 127 Tierces Flaxseed

DIED at Richmond Va. the 30th Nov. Majr. Joseph Scott, marshall of the Virginia district; a revolutionary hero, and a man of sterling worth.

The 25th of November, the annivertary day of the evacuation of New York by the British troops (being Sunday) was folendidly celebrated in that city, the day after. Those times should be remembered.

By an arrival from Porto Rico at Philadelphia, we learn that some months ago troops were sent from that island to he Caraocas to quell what they term an insurrection-they were all massacred, the inhabitants of Caraccas having determined to support their independence. A vessel had arrived at St. John's with several families who were attached to the monarchy and who had fled from New Barcelona for safety.

We are informed that the people of Cuba are prepared to adopt a fystem o government suitable to their condition, on receiving the news of the total fub-jugation of Spain; and that the necessary jugation of Spain; and that purpose.
papers are drawn up for that purpose.
Whig.

A London newspaper after noticing the detention of Lucien Bonaparte at Mal. ta, favs-" He transmitted his fortune to the U. States, where a superb manion or hotel is building for him, and now nearly finished in the city of Washington, upon the plan of the celebrated Piili palace at Florence." After this will the English paperstalk of American news? - Aurora.

Late and interesting from South America. The latest intelligence from the river Plata, received at Rio Janeiro was down to the 11th September, brought by the British schooner

The Junta of the province of Parguay pursued a bold and vigorous policy unterapered by natural conclusion then is, that the ar-Plat of August ; they were accused of designs all that part of Florida west of Perdido. was extremely popular, and the junta hal too both Floridas be taken possession of? much reason to apprehend that the discon tented would seize any opportunity which might offer of rallying under ins command, and haps of peace and war-Congress is in pposing under his direction the patriotic views session -let them decide. of the new government.

One of the first steps of this government had been the organization of a small army, said to amount to about 4000 men, and which they immediately marched into the interior province; The city of Cordova, (large & populous) which had a first declared against the Junta, surrendered without opposition-the innabitants waiting only for the favourable op portunity of evincing their patriotism and love of freedom. Liniers & his adherents had made this their strong hold but were obliged to a bandon it with precipitancy—they were pur-sued by a party of cavalry, seized and carried to Buenos Ayres. From Cordova this army oursued its march west ward, and by the lates pursued its march west ward, and by the latest accounts, it had been as yet completely successful in effecting the views of the government, causing its authority to be acknowledged, seizing and dispersing its opponents.

The provinces of Peru and Chili, it was said, had declared themselves independent.

On the other hand, the government of Monevideo, and the people on the northern banks fthe river Plata, opposed the Junta of Buenos Avres and its measures, declaring them to be in rebellion to the legal authorities of Spain. They had gone so far as to send their whole

naval force to blockade Buenos Ayres. This armament, consisting of 1 frigate and 6 or 7 smaller vessels, arrived in the outer roads of Buenos Ayres on the 3d of September -mey had not as yet proceeded to hostilities, but declared their design of block uling the port, for which purpose they had solicited the aid and concurrence of eart Elliot, commanding a small British frigate (the Porcupine) who declined giving a positive answer, wishing no part, are of the most considerable family. doubt to receive instructions from higher au-

The Misletoe was remanded at Buenos The bill repealing the mode of taking in taxable property has been reported to the house, and it is believed will pass.

The bouse was informed by a member destination on the 4th.—The design of the British admiral (gained from the best authorities) Ayres, with dispatches, and sailed that clerks were speculating upon the treafury, with certificates for services in making out the lifts of taxable property. It was said that a claim of the clerk of Monteomery, amounting to 161 delegations and ingress and ingress into those Montgomery, amounting to 16t dollars, ports, whose government was willing to admit them.—This last view would prevent the for those fervices To shew the fraud, blockade of any port by either party.

but whatever be their views, they must submit moved. The house proceeded immediately (dispensing with the rules) to pass a law to suspend with the measurement describes—absolutely with the measurement describes and the measurement describes fluing warrants in favour of any clerk for being free mot, South America is to ob- out precedent in modern history, will tain a free government, without an ardous and perhaps not obtain universal belief-

Philadelphia Gazette.

NATCHEZ, Dec. 3, 1810. WEST-FLORIDA.

Mobile, direct, informs that both those powerfully influenced by the total pri posts were in an excellant state of de- vation of all sustenance, than by princiwill take place. A resolution has been laid on the table fixing the time the first governor Folch was at Mobile, where sistent with the conduct of the people to pass. The election of a senator will take place the 8th of January.

"A bill has been introduced in the Setence, and well filled with troops—that ples of national enthusiasm—so incon receives a reinforcement; the standard the Portuguese is such, that bitherto, Three of the convicts escaped from of independence had been reared by they have shewn less aversion to the

A reward of one hundred dollars the legislature assembled there last each, is offered by the Governor, and week under the new constitution, and elected EULWAR SKIPWITH, Esq. governor-and that in consequence of des- secure. patches from colonel Kemper, a de-ABSTRACT of PRODUCE exported from tachment of 1,500 men (with a suitable the port of Frederick burg and Fal- train of artillery) under the command Last night, until the Company's return from of colonel Kirkland, marched from St Francisville for Pensacola, on the 14th ultimo.

By a gentleman from New-Orleans which place he left on Monday last, we learn that whilst he was at Baton Rouge, the squadron of gun boats which sailed a short time since from this place, passed and exchanged a salute with the fort. Great military preparations were going on in Florida, from which our informant supposed some interprize of To which will be added a favourite farce called consequence was in contemplation.

SECRET EXPEDITION.

His excellency governor Claiborne, and major G. C. Russell, arrived at the seat of government, on Friday last, and half past 6 o'clock. vesterday an order was issued for the embarkation and movement of the army. A strong detachment under col. Covington, will sail this day, and the re- Auction and Commission Store, mainder, under col. Pike, will follow, derstood that the army will be joined mitted to his care.

He hopes should any person think proper to the hopes should any person that the punctuwith the least possible delay. It is unis hourly expected by way of New-Or- trust him with their concerns, that the punctuleans, and from whom they are to re-ceive further orders, and probably a developement of the object of the expedy of the militia of the Orlhans territo- ery court day. ry, and we presume the detachment Tobacco, Hog's Lard, Whiskey & ted governor Holmes holds in readiness rom this territory, will receive marching orders.

What is the object of this military movement? is the question asked by every citizen. Its destination is doubtless Florida. But is it to suppress the republican efforts of the people or to save the effusion of blood, which must Living near the Hickman road, two miles from inevitably flow from the advancing of the mouth of Hickman, a Sorrel Horse, eight Folch from Pensacola? None but a half years old, fourteen and a half hands high, some make war on the people of Florida, who are our brethren—the genius of the govare our brethren-the genius of tho government-the feelings of the nationjustice and humanity all forbid. The This is an important question-one per- October 2d. 1810. Jessamine

FLUSHING, SEPT. 18. distribution of the indemnities that his Majesty has been pleased to grant to

minister of the Interior. PARIS, SEPT. 27. Yesterday their In perial Majesties took their departure from Paris for

Fontainbleau. The Imperial Guard has given an entertainment to the Portuguese Legion. The Portuguese exhibit the utmost enthusiasm at the idea of going to Portugal to fight against the English, to undeceive their countrymen, and to induce them to pay their tribute of admiration to the emperor, whom the Portuguese Legion has followed in the field of battle, where they partook of the glory of the French armies.

This legion is composed of the choice

Wellington from Generia to Coimbra, soficit their patronage. was preceded by that of almost the en- Lexington, Dec. 24, 18:0, 2t*

While the policy of the British gene THE AMERICAN STATESMAN. ral, in throwing every obstacle in the way of the French army is unquestionable-it may be feared that the retire A gentieman from Pensacola and ment of the inhabitants has been more 18th inst. viz. Newberry Man, John bile, where the cause has many friends. testant British Heretic. This princi-We learn from St. Francisville, that ple yet operates in the peninsula to an extent, which must, so long as it exists, continue to render the result of every combined operation as uncertain as in-

THEATRE.

Frankfort.
On Wednesday evening, Dec. 26, 1810, will be presented, a celebrated comedy, called RECONCILIATION, OR, THE BIRTH DAY.

Retween the Play and Farce,
A fancy dance (from the overture of Lodoiski) by Mr. CIPRIANI, ballet master from Bos. Recitation on Jealousy - - Mrs. Turner Comic Song, 'Tom our Pussy' Mr. Williams

THE WEATHERCOCK, OR, LOVE ALONE CAN FIX HIM.

* * Tickets 75 cents, for sale at the Gazette cantonment Washington, from the office, and at the Theatre. Doors opened at

TAKE NOTICE.

The subscriber intends opening an In Lexington, a few doors above the Lexington Insurance Company's Bank, where he will transact any business which may be com-

NATHANIELS. PORTER. N. B. Sales will be attended at request in dition. It is further said that governor town or country. There will be a public auc-Clail orne has ordered out the whole bo-tion twice a week (on market days) and on ev

Bees-Wax.

A quantity of the above articles wanted at the store of the subscriber immediately.

A. LE GRAND. Lexington, Dec. 24th; 18:0:

Jessamine County, Sct.

Taken up by Jasper Griffin, ideot can suppose that government will large and despots, shod before, a small star and

Thomas Rickets posts a Bay herents were condemned and executed on the my is to occupy the disputed territory; near shoulder, the off hind toot white, a small 21st of August: they were accused of designs all that part of Florida west of Perdido. bout 13 \(\frac{1}{2} \) hands high, has been lately shod besubversive of peace, and treasonable. Linlers Would it not be prudent to direct that fore, appraised to \(\frac{1}{2} \) some saddle spots MORGAN BROWN.

> RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 29th of October last, a Negro fellow named HARRY;

The Commission charged with the be will probably charge his name to Henry or David Lawson—he is about 30 years of age, but looks semething older—he loops a little when he walks-one of his knees is much larthe inhabitants who have suffered by ger than the other-bow legged-long visage, the invasion of the Scheldt have termi- roman rose, and very long under jaw; he nated their labors. M. De Viesville about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, not very heades Essaits, Auditor and Counsellor of sy made—has a small dent in one of his jaws, opposite his teeth—he is a tolerable fiddler, & took a fiddle with him. A reward of twenty about to quit Flushing for Paris, to lay dollars will be given for securing him in jail, the report before his Excellency the and reasonable expences if brought home to me in jessamine county, or Littleberry Haw-kins, in Lexington —h is supposed he will go to the state of Ohio.
THO: B. SCOTT.

December 14, 1810.

Negroes to Hire ON the first day of January, on the public square, in the town of Lexington, the negroes belonging to the estate of the late Mr. Breckenridge, will be hired for the ensuing year Those who hired the present year, it is hoped, will be attentive in returning them clothed, agreeable to their obligations The Administrators.

Dec. 20, 1810.

A SCHOOL. SILAS ROBBINS,

part, are of the most considerable fami-lies of the country. The return of this tuition in Reading; Writing and Arth-Legion to Portugal will be the best answer to the atrocious libels and unfounded are the languages, Greek & Latin, \$8.50 on the road leading from Lexington to Nicholasville on Sunday last, a light control and the languages, Greek & Latin, \$8.50 or loved pair of Saddle Bags, containing an or lated March Philosophy & a with a control of the languages. men that the whole of this Legion has been either poisoned or assassinated.

The distribution of the shore prices in advance—

The distribution of the shore prices in advance—

Third of the above prices in advance —

Third of the From the London Alfred of Oct. 8.

It is asserted, that the retreat of lord
Vellington from General to Coimbra, solicit their patronage.

Only a moderate number of Scholars will contain will be amply fatified for their tren.

Be taken. The School to commence on ville, shall be amply fatified for their tren.

FIELDING GOSNEY.

Lexington, 24th Dec. 1810.

TO THE PUBLIC.

-- o: @: o--A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, TO BE CALLED

THE diffusion of political information is an object of the first magnitude in in a free government. Next to the promotion of virtue, it is ardently and perseveringly to be sought after and cultivated. An ignorant, no less than a vicious people cannot long be free. To preserve, unimpaired, our liberties—to perpetuate our republican institutions, it is indispensible that the torch of truth should ensought after and cultivated. ighten us, as well as matvirtue should mould our hearts. It is on this principle that a FEE for Baton Rouge—that colonel Kemper, in the service of the convention, was on the Alabama river, with 300 men, where he will probably remain until he possible to resist—but the bigotry of them the chains of servitude, where truth feshes abroad its sacred illuminations, and where of independence had been reared by major Kennedy, in the vicinity of Mo-catholic French Infidel, than to the Proprince on the proprince on the publication of TRE ANSTATESMAN. An open and unreserved communication of every species of political intelligence deemed important to the people shall be a ruing principle in conducting this paper. The public are entitled to a full statement of national affairs, the operation of overnment, and the political standing of the ountry; and it becomes the imperative duty of a newspapereditor to give it. This, I hope, shall be faulifully done. But, in performing our editorial functions, it shall ever be our care to let moderation and a calm dispassionate manner characterize our whole conduct. Le conciliate, not to irritate—to enlighten, not to mislead, shall be the character of this paper.—
When the Press is otherwise employed it beomes the instrument stextensive injury to soiety-its end is subverted-the impression of its dignity is lost-it is the curse of human kind. Though this journal will be principlly devo-ted to politics, still our columns shall be open for the insertion of every species of useful inelligence, and for temperate discussions on ev-

ry important subject.

It will be asked, and the public have a right to ask, "what are your politics?" After re-lating an anecdote I will answer the enquiry. Oa, LOVE ALONE CAN FIA HARD.

Variella (with the Masquerade, Song and certain class of citizens to slander and villy the renowned WASHINGTON, the late Patternowned). rick Henry, being asked for his opinion of tha. great man, expressed himself thus :- " He is he greatest as well as the best of men. When dies a well-executed historical monument shou'd be erected over his tomb. And to this consecrated spot," added he, with a glow of generous enthusiasm, "the American youth could ever repair to learn virtue and patriotism." To such a monument we have not, indeed, access; bit history has reared a lasting monument to his fame, and to that we can resort for so laudible a purpose. I am fearful then to answer, that, as a young man, I have formed my politics on the Washington model; and, as an editor, I mean to devote my paper to the nculcation of those wholesome principles, hose sound practical doctrines which once anmated the policy, and which now adorn the writings and hallow the history of that en i. nent statesman. In following a man who made a thousand sacrifices to serve his country, who mbarked his all in her cause, and who, dignified retreat from the caresses of edevoworld that the love of country, not a wish for personal aggrandizement, was the subline motive which governed his actions, I shall, I flatthe which governed his actions, I shall, I hatter myself, act more correctly, as well as more safely, than I should by pursuing the principles and theories of political experimenters and visionary philosophers. And I do not hes tate to declare it to be my opinion, that if our country is fated to ruin, its overthrow will ultimately be effected by expensional to the ruin. he effected by exchanging the satutary max-ms and solid doctrines of the WASHINGTON School, for the crude notions and novelopinions of mere theorists in politics. Whenever a nation ceases to be governed in her policy by such principles, and urges her precio on the dangerous tide of experiment and conjectural essay, the destruction of her liberty cannot be remote. Of this, alas! lone but too much already, and at this moment we bear the scars of our folly thick upon us.— It is high time we should return to those hapmy principles, those tried measures which once ised us to a proud and envied pre-emmence

in the scale of nations. CONDITIOS.

1. THE AMERICAN STATESMAN WILL published on a large super-royal sucet, and orinted with a handsome type.

2. The price will be two dollars & fifty cents.

bayable in advance; or, three dollars, payable at the expiration of the year. 3. Advertisements will be conspicuously in-

serted on moderate terms. Provided a sufficient number of subscribers are received to pay the expenses of pullication, the work will be commenced the first

of July next.

* * Printers in the western country who are willing to encourage a paper conducted on the principles above expressed, will confer a favor

by giving this notice one or two insertions. Lexington, December 20, 1810 Taken up by Jesse Baxter, In the county of Clarke, near Holder's boat ard, one dark brown or bay mare, judged to

be 8 or 9 years old, no brand perceivable, nearly 15 hands high, has a large scar about the middle of the off fore legs, appraised to 8 7 50. DAVID BULLOCK, ccc.

3d October, 18ro.

For Sale.

ONE hundred acres of first rate land in Facette county, six miles south east of Lexington, lying on the Tates creek road leading to Madi. on county; 40 old acres of which is nopravd, the balance well timbered, a peach michery orchard, never failing spring and will simited for a distillery a pretty good dwelling and

ALEXANDER HALL.

MISCILLANEOUS.

STANTZAS INITATED FROM THE PERSIAN ODES OF HAFIZ.

The light wing'd hours again advance, And May peeps through the broad expanse fill high the goblet, seize the glass—
Shaten the gay moments as they pass,
Fawn-eyed rymphs of love and picasure
Sing of "Joy's extatic measure,"
—Melady enchant mine ear! Beauty's daughter quick appear ! Come and charm my wand'ring eyes, Take me, with a sweet surprize

Pour a balm on human woe.
Go, my soul, thy time employ,
Treasure up a fund of joy; Needless sorrow cast away— See where breaks a brighter day! Seek the wretched—seek the poor— Clothe the needy from thy store-Banish every worldly care That riches and ambition share. Truth with virtue still bestows Day's enjoyment-Night's repose.

The following paragraphs are from the tion second to none in the United States. evil," adds the flave. "I set thee at liberty," rejoined the Caliph, "and give thee lesque, contains matter for much serious contemplation. The system of air-castleof the nation.

yearly from the office of our secretary of thate, will be prompted to believe that inthate, will be prompted to delect animate will be prompted to delect animate matter has acquired the power of voluntary motion, and that wheels and Commonwealth vs. Indictment for Bigamy. coadjutors, bones and muscles. The in- Francis James. coadjutors, bones and muscles. The ingenuity of our countrymen has so fairly domesticated the mechanical powers, and thellaws of chemistry, that any man may have his cheese toasted, his apples pared his costee ground, his pudding boiled, and his beef roasted, all by dint, not of hard has beef roasted, all by dint, not of hard has beef roasted, all by dint, not of hard has beef roasted, all by dint, not of hard has beef roasted, all by dint, not of hard has beef roasted, all by dint, not of hard has beef roasted, all by dint, not of hard has been roasted and has been roa raising water by a perpetual motion! In Mr. Rofs as the common progress of improvement, contended, that as his first wife was livwe may anticipate for our readers in 1820, ing at the time he married the second, the following SCIENTIFICK NEWS.

grindstone for putting them in order, a score of brushes, and a perpetual sountain of lather; the whole comprised in the compass of a nutshell, and so regulated by internal clock work, as to at act itself to any gentleman's face, and shave in marrying Ann Johnson instead of Sarah har without his knowing it.

The streets of Washington were lighted for the first time, last week with glow worms and fire bugs. Five hundred of these insects being confined in every Johanna Southcote settled at Teddington, lamp, emitted so brilliant a light during Middlesex. It consifts of a man, his wife the whole night, that the people in their and two daughters, They are every day, houses did not know when the sun rose nay hour, making proselytes of the ignor-The breed of glow worms is now found ant and unwary. The father who is far to be much improved by admixture with advanced in life, sits in an old arm chair, the humble bee or apis terrestris. Experence gravely dressed and is introduced to their riments with the photometer, shew that tollowers as God Almighty, who, on being

late insurrection in the Tyrol, by major Mulled, one of the deputies from that country to our government: "Among the prisoners who were taken at Wegschaide, was the son of the commander Speckdacher, only 12 years of age, who, when ordered to retreat would not comply till he had fhot the Bavarian general, who was riding along the front of his army. The youth and bravery of this boy having attracted the notice and admiration of the enemy's officers, he was presented to the king of Bavaria, who asked him, "will you shoot any more Bavarians?" The youth, with all the bluntness & intrepidity which characterize his country, not onto

tain 87 males - 76 widows, and 45 single for either love or money, could obtain a women over 70 years of age - 379 will piece of this holy pie. London pap. women over 70 years of age-379 wi piece of this holy pie.

dows-71 widowers-474 fatherless children under 21 years of age.

marriage at Connecticus Farms, on the ble. 8th inft. of Mr. Joseph B. Davis to Miss Brant; and that the bride-groom the next day hung lamself! Mr. Davis is represented as of respectable family and character, but subject to malancholy, which occasionally produced insanty, in a paroxism of which he is supposed to have committed the rash act.

Christian liberality - In a late paper an the Rolling Fork of Salt river, a great proporaccount was given of the meeting of the Baptist association in Richmond, and of the friendly treatment they met with from ty, on Pleasant's run. the Methodist society, who not only othe Methodist society, who not only opened the doors of their houses of wor-the name of James Southall. I will give a reaching them, but attended and affisted in sonable credit, and receive in payment Horses, thip to them, but attended and affisted in their devotions, and exercises. The Vir- Cattle, Whiskey or Hemp. ginia Argus records another instance of brotherly love and christian fellowship, Woodford county, 18th October, 1810. which deserves to be remembered and imitated. The Prisbyterian society having no house of their own in Richmond, were accommodated by the Episcopalians with THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO ENGAGE one of theirs for the purpose of celebra-ting the Lord's supper-which was administred to more than 200 communicants -surrounding the same table—Episcopa-lians, Methodifts, and Presbyterians, all the ensuing month. uniting harmoniously together. This, Lexington, Oct. 23d, 1810.

lindeed, looks like the commencement of . millenial state.

MOHAMMEDAN FORBEARANCE. With whatever contempt a Christian may regard the faith of Mohammed, certain it is, that the frictness with which the observance of religious, ceremonies is enforced, the alacrity with which the performance of moral duties is diffinguished, and the reverence paid to the Koran by most of his tollowers, might be usefully mitated by the professors of purer doctrines. A singular instance of forbearance, arising from the powerful influence of religious principles, is recorded in the history of the Caliphs. A flave one day during a repair, was so unfortunate as to let fail a dilh which he was handing to the Caliph Hassan, who was severely scalded by the accident. The trembling wreten aftantly fell on his knees, and quoting the Koran, exclaimed: Paradise is promised to those who restrain their anger," I am not angry with thee," replied the Caliph, with a meekness as exemplary as it was rare. "And for those who forgive offences," continued the flave. " I forgive thee The following paragraphs are from the thine," answered the Caliph. "But above all, for those who return good for

Another Mammoth Cheese. - There is building, which has prevailed in our coun-try, as well in government as in the arts, has been of no advantage to the character the Mammoth Cheese to Mr. Jefferson. N. Y. Eve. Star. This Cheese weighs 1522 pounds, is five *Inventions.—Any person who inspects feet and a half in diameter, and 15 mehes the very extensive lift of patents taken

MAYOR'S COURT.

his beef roalted, all by dint, not of hard idence that the defendant had in the year labor, but of contrivance. Nothing in the mechanical way need to be despaired of, when we hear of machines for cultivating corn and beans, for setting horses' afterwards, and before he was married to Sarah Rolling.

Mr. Rofs as counsel for the defendant, the fecond marriage was void, abinitio, Mr. Strapper, of New-York, has completed his portable shaving apparatus, consisting of six pair of razors, with a grindstone for putting them in order, a grindstone for putting them in order for putting the and therefore the defendant was a single A distillery has been erected in the state of Vermont, for the purpose of extracting ardent spirits from brickbats and old blue stockings. Report speaks highly a the smaller of the liquor obtained from these economical materials.

A FAMILY OF FANATICKS. There is a family of the followers of cash, those which are five eights blooded emit in the space of an hour three rays and a half more than the full blooded.

The daughters are called Martha and Mary; they are unencumin the space of an hour three rays and a half more than the full blooded.

The following anecdote is extracted from a very interesting account of the late insurrection in the Tyrol, by major Mulled, one of the deputies from that youth, with all the builtness et intreparty which charefterize his country, not only replied in the affirmative, but added, and you too, if you come to the Tyroi,"

The island of Nantucket is said to contain a few widows, and as single to the country of the house and garden was filled by the single of widows, and as single to the country of the house and pay were those, who,

A person might suppose from reading so much about well-bred borses that good The New Jersey Journal informs of the manners were only to be acquired in a sta-arriage at Connecticus Farms, on the ble.

> I WILL SELL THE FOLLOWING TRACTS OF LAND, viz.

10,000 Acres lying in Knox county, on Rockcastle.

tion bottor

1,000 Acres in Washington coun-

The above mentioned lands were patented in

TUNSTAL QUARLES.

Rope Makers Wanted,

A NUMBER OF BLACK OR WHITE SPINNERS, For the year 1811, to Work in a Rope Walk-

GEO: TROTTER, JR.

REMOVAL. ASA BLANCHARD,

GOLD & SILVER SMITH, INFORMS the public generally that he has re moved his shop to the corner of Short and Mill streets, opposite to Mrs. Russell's and Dr. Fishback's, where he carries on his busi ness on a much more extensive scale and elegant being provided with workmen of the first abilities. He will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of Gold and Silver Work, which will be sold on the most moderate terms.

and plated heads and cantels, & He flatters himself that the prices and quality of his work, added to his unremitted endeavours to please, will procure him at least an equal share of the custom of Lexington and it vicinity. Orders from a distance will be attended to with the greatest punctuality and dispatch.

Saddlers can be always furnished with silver

Silver & tortoise mounted SPECTACLES, Large, small & long tortoise HAIR COMBS The highest price for old GOLD and

SILVER Lexington, Dec. 1, 1810.

JAMES FISHBACK, OF Lexington, ATTORNEY AT LAW, practices in the Fayette, Jessamine and Scott Courts.

LEXINGTON Oil Floor Cloth Factory.

THE friends of domestic manufactories, and the friends of the subscribers are informed, that there are now arrived at the factory, blocks of the most elegant patterns for carpets, which were procured by Mr. Levett, at a great expense in Philadelphia. The subscribers have been at a very great expense, in fitting up the factory, to be enabled to supply the inhabitants of this state, with so elegant and useful an article under the prices at which it is manufactured in Philadelphia (notwithstanding the advanced

piece they pay for colors.

The carpets which have been manufactured are allowed to be of a superior quality to any that have been imported—the subscribers there ore request the encouragement of the enlight ned inhabitants of Kentucky to establish a manufactory which promotes the interest of the ensuing year. the hemp grower, spinner, weaver and the do-mestic comforts of its inhabitants.

Prepared waggon covers-water proof; Dutch Wax-Cloths, for side boards and table covers—carpets, &c. papering and painting is all its branches by the subscribers.

LEVETT & SMITH. N. B. Those who wish to have carpets, are requested to make immediate application, and those who wish to furnish their own cloth, may see a specimen at the factory, how it should be

An apprentice of 16 years of age, wanted at efactory Dec. 10, 1810.

NEW GOODS.

P. I. ROBERT

HAS just received, and is now opening high, supposed to be four years old last'spring, in the store formerly occupied by Messrs. valued at \$ 40. Thomas & Robert Barr, an elegant and extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES,
GLASS. COMEA & QUEEN'S WARE,
A superior quality of Imperial,
Hyson, Hyson Skin and
Young Hyson Teas, &c.

All of which being bought at the most reduced prices, will be sold very low for 13th August, 1810,-tf

William Webb, M. D. WILL practice PHYSIC SURGERY, and MID WIFERY, in the town of Winchester and its vicinity.

Winchester, 28th Nov. 1810.

The Subscriber

INFORMS the inhabitants of Lexington and the public in general, that he has established a BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY, WILLIAM BOWLIN. Dec. 11, 1810.

A CARD.

THE person who took (I suppose through mistake) last Saturday morning, the 8th inst.

Green Bocking Baize, Laying at the door of my store, is requested to return it, and nothing more will be said a bout it-but if the property is not soon restored, the person may rest assured his name will be published, and prosecution will follow

** Lexington, Dec. 10, 1219

FOR SALE, Or to Rent for a term of years,

THAT large and elegant Brick TAVERN. situated adjoining the public square, in the town of Flemingsburg, K. and late the prop-erty of General Gabriel Evans; the situation healthy and pleasant, and the buildings wel calculated for a tavern and store, and the state road leading from Paris to the eastern states passing immediately by the door, and considerably travelled. The payments, either rents or purchase money, shall be low and easy, and made to suit the purchaser. The store room may be rented with or without the tavern There is sufficient ground for garden and clo 5,000 Acres in Mercer county, on Charles C. Duncan, Flemingsburg, Ky.
Rolling Fork of Salt river, a great proporN. FOSTER. ver lot. For terms, apply to the subscriber, or

October 25, 1810.

MASONIC.



THE brethren of Lexington Lodge No. 1, are requested to be punctual in their attendance at Mason s Hall on Thursday the 27th instant, precise-ly at 10 o'clock A. M.

for the purpose of celebrating the anniversary of St. John the Evangelist. All transient brethren are respectfully solicited to give their attendance.

By order of the

W. DAN'L BRADFORD, M. FOHN T. EVANS, Sec'ry, Lexington, Dec, 17, 1810,

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Chs Mason, dec'd, are requested to come forward and take in their bonds immediately, other wise suits will be commenced,

JOHN HIGBEE, Ex'or.

POLLY MASON, Ex'trix. Dec. 10, 1810.

TO BE HIRED. AT John Higbee's farm, on South Elkhorn, on the first day of January next, to the high-

a number of Negroes. Among which are men, women, boys and girls, belonging to the estate of Chs. Mason,

JOHN HIGBEE, Ex'or. POLLY MASON, Ex'trix.

Dec. 6, 1810 N. B. An elegant gelding will be sold at public auction, at the same time.

Regimental court of Appeals. DELINQUENTS of the 42d regiment who have been fined for non-attendance at the nusters in 1810, are notified that the time of appeal will expire on the 1st of February next; hose who wish to file their appeals, will avail nemselves of the opportunity of doing so by that time—and if properly qualified to and left with Dr. John Todd, at my place of residence, during my absence, will be received.

DAVID TODD.

Judge advocate 42d Reg t.

Dec. 10, 1810.

NOTICE.

on the first Monday in January next.

By order of the President and Directors,

W. S. WALLER, Cashier. Dec. 6, 1810.

NOTICE.

AN election will be held at the court house in Lexington on the first Saturday in January next, to commence at 10, A. M. for the elecion of seven trustees for the said town, for

AND'W M, CALLA, Chm. B. T. L. Attest, P. RAILEY, Clk. B. T. L.

THE ENSUING YEAR.

A FARM within 2 miles of Lexington—a-bout 120 acres cleared land, excellent orchards and malignant fevers.

—a commodious brick house and other converge and malignant fevers.

Lee's Sovereign Cintment for the

Opposite the court-bouse. Lexington, Dec. 10, 1810.

A stock of horses, hogs and cattle, accustomed to the farm, may be purchased on

rood terms. Taken up by John Dyke, Clarke county, near Boonsborough, one Bay mare, some white in her head, some small white on her back and neck, about 14 } hands tetters, &c.

October 16th, 1810.

To Druggists And Country Store-Keepers.

FIFTEEN hundred 200 lb. refined borax b. gum ragacanth 300 do. Spanish indigo 2000 do. pearl ashes 200 do. cochineal 2000 do. pearl ashes 200 do. cochineal
2000 do. quicksilver 500 do. aqua fortis
5000 do. English oil 500 doz. syringes
vitrol 200 lb. grains paradise
1000 lb. flor sulphur 200 do. Turkey opium
2000 do. white lead 100 do. gum juniper
3000 do. red saunders 300 do. promgranate

3500 do crem. tartar peel 2000 do. gum copal 100 lb. æther vitriol 2000 do. gum copal 5000 do. yellow bark 500 do. black lead 1000 do. Senna 500 do. Aleppo galls 1000 do. Senia 1000 doz. ink powder 500 lb. fresh rhubarb 300 do, crud sal am-300 do. best Spanish || moniac

Annatto 1200 lb. sugar of lead 100 lb. Spanish saffron 300 do. cowaget 00 do. Simarouba 200 do, guaicum 400 fine sponges 300 lb. fine arrow root 2000 lb. refined cam 300 do. gum shellac 100 do. red bark phor ||300 lb. Assafetida

300 do, arsenic 1000 lb. Verdigrease 100 packs gold leaf 500 bottles Castor oil 200 doz. tooth brush- ||500 Gallons Spirits 200 doz. smelling bot- | Iron mortars and pes

100 doz. cologne wa- Oil of anniseed Hair powder 50 bbls. Glauber salts | Specie bottles 100 doz. spring lan- | Graduated measures 50 bbls. Glauber salts Patent medicines 500 lb. snake root

With a large and general assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINE, PATENT MEDI-CINES, GLASS BOTTLES, VIALS, and every other article belonging to the Drug & Apothecary line, expressly laid in to suit Druggists, Storekeepers and other wholesale dealers—the subscriber has also made arrange with manufacturers of WINDSOR SOAP, that he can sell at the manufacturers

STEPHEN NORTH, Wholesale Druggist No. 85, market Street, between 2d & 3d Streets. PHILADEL PHIA. Nov'r. 25, 1810.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, I gave some time past, my bond to David Scott, of Clarke county, for the sum of two hundred dollars—for property which I am informed said Scott was not fully

Dec. 10, 1810.

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of James Clark, dec'd, either by bond or book account, Clark, dec'd, either by bond or book account, the executors of thos. The sty dec d. In 1987, that does not come for ward on or before the 1st ington, or half that sum, if taken within the day of February and pay off; their accounts state; and, in either case, all reasonable expen will be put into the hands of an officer for collection without discrimination—it is hoped, no.

Lexington, Nov. 23, 1810. person will fail to avail themselves of this no tice. Given under our hands, December

JOHN CLARK, 7 E CLARK, Wm. ELLIS, Extors. December 18, 1810.

Putent and Family Medicines PREPARED BY MICHAEL LEE & Co. BALTIMORE.

For the preservation of health and cure of diseases, the following celebrated Med. icines are confidently recommended, viz. Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills,

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and

Malignant Fevers.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild—so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age. They are excellently adapted to carry off cuperfluous bile, and prevent its moroid secretions-to restore and amend the appetite, produce a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often of fatal consequences-a dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the sto-mach and severe head ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of

climate. They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seamen.

Lee's Worm-Destroying Lozenges,

This medicine is superior to any ever offered to the public, being innocent and mild, certain and efficacious in its opera-THE stockholders of the Bank of Kentucky, it will, without pain or griping, clenfe the are hereby notified, that an election for six differences, to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the said Bank, in Frankfort, too of worms and many fatal difforders. tions. Should no worms exitt in the body,

Lee's Elixir.

A certain remedy for colds, coughs afthma's, and particularly the whooping cough, fo destructive to children. Lee's Essence of Mustard,

So well known for the cure of rheumts tisms, gout, pally, sprains, &c. &c. Lee's Grand Restorative, Proved by long experience to be unequale

fumptions, lownels of spirits, inward weakness, &c. Lee's Anti-Bilious Pills,

ed in the cure of nervous disorders, con-

Itch,

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application. Infallible Ague & Fever Drops. For the cure of agues mittent and in-

Lee's Genuine Persian, Lotion. Celebrated for the cure of rit. worms,

Lee's Genuine Eye Water.
An effectual remedy for all diseases of Tooth-Ache Drops.

Which give immediate relief. Lee's Corn Plaister. Lee's Damask Lip Salve. Restorative Powder for the Teeth

and Gums. The Anodyne Elixir, For the cure of every kind of head-ache. The Indian Vegetable Specific,

For the cure of venereal complaints. Those medicines have come into general use, they are trequently purchased by not only Druggists, but by country store keepers fell to again; in order that the purcha-fers may be confident they have the original genuine Medicines; wherever they purchase they have but to observe that every article of Medicine has on the outwrad wrapper, the signature of the proprietors.

Michael Lee & Co. late Richard Lee & Son SOLD BY

SCOTT, TROTTER & Co. LEXINGTON. A liberal discount to those who pur.

chase to sell again, by directing a line post-paid to Michael Lee & Co, Baltimore. AN EXTRAORDINARY PRICE

IN CASH. WILL be given for a NEGRO MAN, as a house servant, (to reside in this place.) He must be acquainted with the business, and come well ecommended; apply to the printer. Lexington, 20th Oct. 1810.

50 Dollars Reward.

R AN away from Mrs. Eleanor Heart, five or six weeks ago, a mulatto man called

Peter Craig.

HE was purchased of Elijah W. Craig of this town, who got him of some person residing at Point Pleasant, in Virginia. It is probable he may design visiting that place again, having passed some part of his time there, during former above. ring a former absence. He is about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, and tolerably well made, but has a most villanous countenance. first glance, he might be taken for a white man, entitled to-therefore all persons are cautioned though, when in a state of intoxication, he tries against trading for said bond, as I intend not to pass for an Indian: when in that situation he pay for the same, until compelled by law, or until said Scott establishes he right.

NEAL MCANN.

The same of the same of the same of the pass for an Indian: when in that situation he is extremely communicative, and will answer any question that is put to him, if he is treated with gentleness. He is a very worthless fellow and in always drupk when he can get low, and is always drunk when he can get

The above reward will be given, (if he is apprehended out of the state) on his delivery to the executors of Thos. Heart, dec'd, in Lex-

LOVE IN JEOPARDY, A Tragic Comedy BY ABRAM JONES, OF PARTS, KT. FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE. PRICE 50 CENTS.